**SQL operators**

It is used to perform arithmetic, logical and comparison operations

**Logical Operators**

* Any

Compares a specific value to any of the values present in a set.

SELECT \* FROM Students WHERE Age > ANY (SELECT Age FROM Students WHERE Age > 21);

#### BETWEEN & AND

SELECT \* FROM Students WHERE Age BETWEEEN 20 AND 25

* IN

SELECT \* FROM Students WHERE Age IN (‘20’,’25’);

### **Comparison Operators**

#### equal to

SELECT \* FROM Students WHERE Age = 20;

* Greater than

SELECT \* FROM Students WHERE Age > 20;

* Less than or equal to

SELECT \* FROM Students WHERE Age <= 20;

**Arithmetic operators**

Addition **-** Add values on either side of the operator

Subtraction- Used to subtract the right-hand side value from the left-hand side value

Multiplication-Multiplies the values

Division- Divides the left-hand side value by the right-hand side value

Modulus- Divides the left-hand side value by the right-hand side value; and returns the remainder